

**Exam n° 2 – 1 hour 30 minutes**

- No documents, no calculators, no cell phones or electronic devices allowed.
- Take a deep breath before starting (everything is going to be ok!) and read entirely the exam before starting.<sup>0</sup>
- All exercises are independent, you can do them in the order that you'd like.
- Please start an exercise at the top of a page (for readability).
- Number single pages, or simply the booklets (*copies doubles*) if multiple : for example 1/3, 2/3, 3/3
- All your answers must be fully (but concisely) justified, unless noted otherwise.
- Redaction and presentation matter! For instance, write full sentences and make sure your 'x' and 'n' can be distinguished.
- **Respecting all of the above is part of the exam grade (0.5 points).** Provided rubric is indicative (changes may occur).

### Warm-up exercises (8 points)

You are expected to provide some steps for those exercises. Little partial credit will be given for just writing the answer.

**Exercise 1. True or False** Justify briefly why the statement is True or False. If the statement is false, provide the correct answer (if applicable).

1. Given a polynomial  $P \in \mathbb{R}_3[X]$ , if 2 is root of  $P$  then  $(X - 2)$  divides  $P'$ .
2. By composition we have  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} 2 \arctan(\ln(1 - \sin(x))) = 0$ .
3. Solving  $\cos(x) = \sin(2x)$  over  $\mathbb{R}$  leads to the set of solutions  $S = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right\} + \pi\mathbb{Z}$ .

**Exercise 2.** Compute **ONE** of the following limits (your choice) :

$$\text{Choice A : } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^{\cos(x)} - e}{\sin(x)}, \quad \text{or} \quad \text{Choice B : } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( 1 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \right)^{2x}.$$

If you decide to do both and if one is incorrect, we will only consider the incorrect one (so choose, and choose wisely).

**Exercise 3.** Consider  $f : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{18 + 2x^2 - 12x}$ . Provide the domain of definition  $A$ . Sketch the graph of  $f$  (justify limit behaviors). Be as precise as possible in your answers.

**Linear systems (5 points)** We expect **full details** on the steps, with proper operations and redaction, and a proper solution written in the end. If details not provided, we will not check your calculations.

**Exercise 4.** We consider the function  $f : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$  defined by

$$f(x, y, z, t) = (x - t, 2x + y - 3t, 3x + 2y + z - 6t, 4x + 2y + 2z - 8t)$$

1. Compute  $\ker(f)$ .

2. What conditions do we have on the parameters  $a, b, c, d$  so that  $(a, b, c, d)$  admits (at least) a pre-image by  $f$ ?
3. Is  $f$  injective? surjective? Justify your answers.
4. Consider the system

$$(S) \begin{cases} 3x + 2y + z - 6t = 1 \\ 4x + 2y + 2z - 8t = 1 \\ x - t = 1 \\ 2x + y - 3t = 1 \end{cases}$$

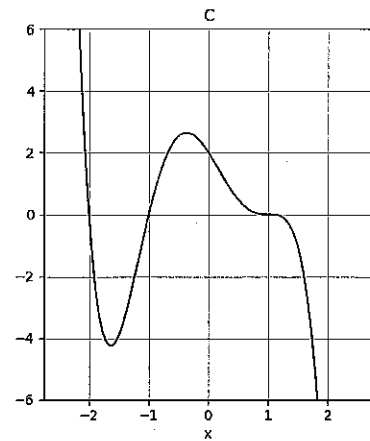
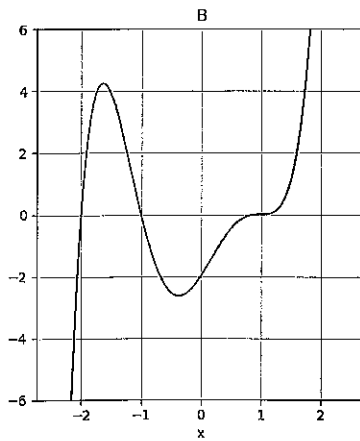
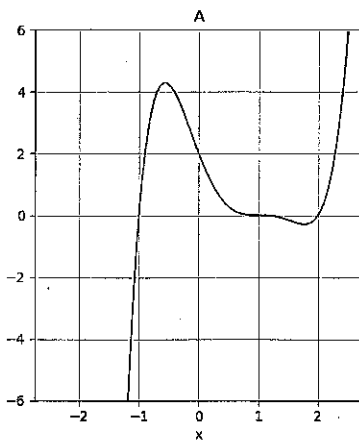
Does  $(S)$  have a (unique) solution? Justify your answer.

## Polynomials (4,5 points)

### Exercise 5.

Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ , we consider the polynomial  $P$  defined by  $P(X) = X^5 - 4X^3 + 2X^2 + aX + b$ .

1. Find  $a, b$  such that 1 is root of  $P$  or multiplicity at least 2.
2. With the obtained choice of  $a, b$ , determine the multiplicity of the root 1.
3. Write the Taylor's formula for  $P$  at 1. We expect details on the coefficients computation.
4. Factorize  $P$  in  $\mathbb{R}$ .
5. Given the following graphs, which one corresponds to  $P$ ? Justify your answer.



## Vector Subspace (3 points)

### Exercise 6.

Consider the sets

$$F = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3, x + y - 2z = 0\}, \quad G = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3, x = 0\}.$$

1. Show that  $F, G$  are vector subspaces.
2. Write  $F \cap G$ . Is it a vector subspace?
3. Provide a generating family of  $F$ , a generating family of  $G$ , and a generating family of  $F \cap G$ .
4. Is each of those families linearly independent? What do you conclude?

0. Draw a snowman next to your name on the first page once this is done.