

# Mechanical design test: Kinematics

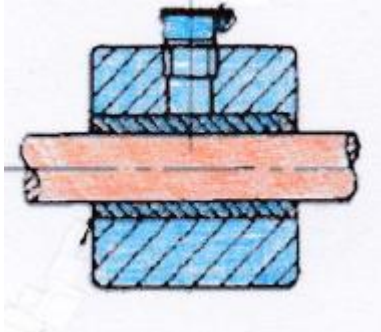
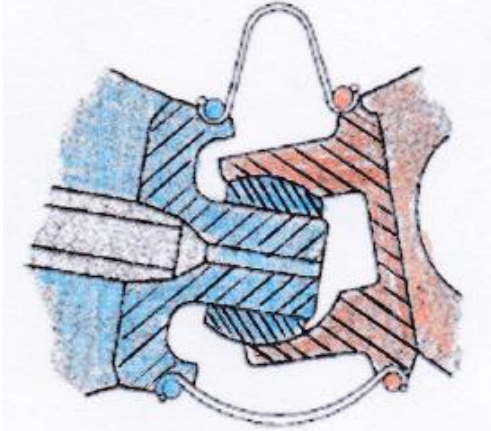
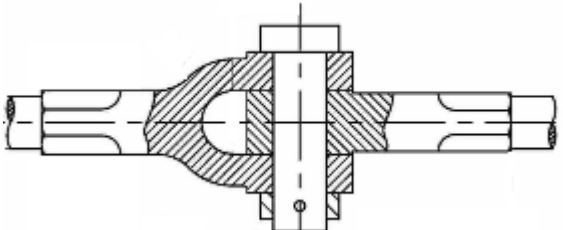
Name:

Duration: 30min, no documents authorized

Parts 1 and 2 are independent.

## Part 1 – Identification of standalone joints

Below are three different joints taken from some larger mechanism. Their respective groups of parts are colored in blue and red (you should **colour yourself the third one**) . Fill-in the name of these joints with a correctly oriented symbol.

Local drawing of the joint	Name a joint and place a <b>correctly oriented</b> symbol
 A technical drawing showing a cross-section of a revolute joint. A central shaft is inserted into a hole in a block. The shaft is colored red, and the block is colored blue. The shaft has a keyway, and the block has a corresponding keyway.	
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<p>Colour-in the drawing below using a different colour for each group of parts</p>  A technical drawing showing a cross-section of a revolute joint. A central shaft is inserted into a hole in a block. The shaft is colored red, and the block is colored blue. The shaft has a keyway, and the block has a corresponding keyway.	

## Part 2 – Scotch Yoke

A scotch yoke mechanism transforms a revolute motion into reciprocating translation. Here, it is used to drive a double action pump.

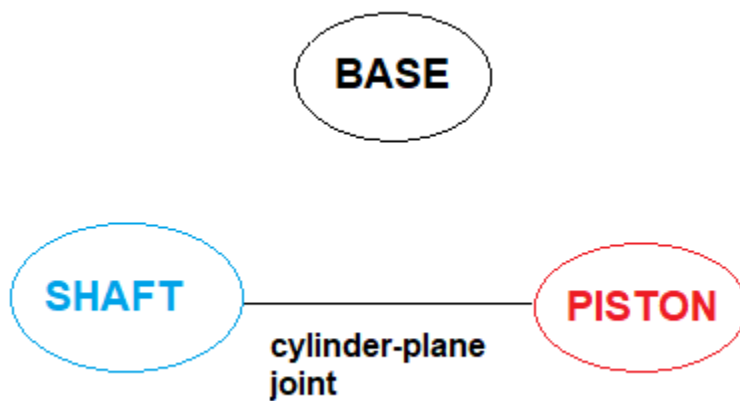
It is composed of three groups of parts colored on page 3:

WHITE – BASE

BLUE – SHAFT

RED – PISTON

Q4. Complete the bubble diagram of joints below (name and orientation)



Q5. On Page 3, mark the extreme left position of the point P (in cross-section A-A) during operation.

Q6. Complete below the kinematic diagram of the system by using correct symbols.

