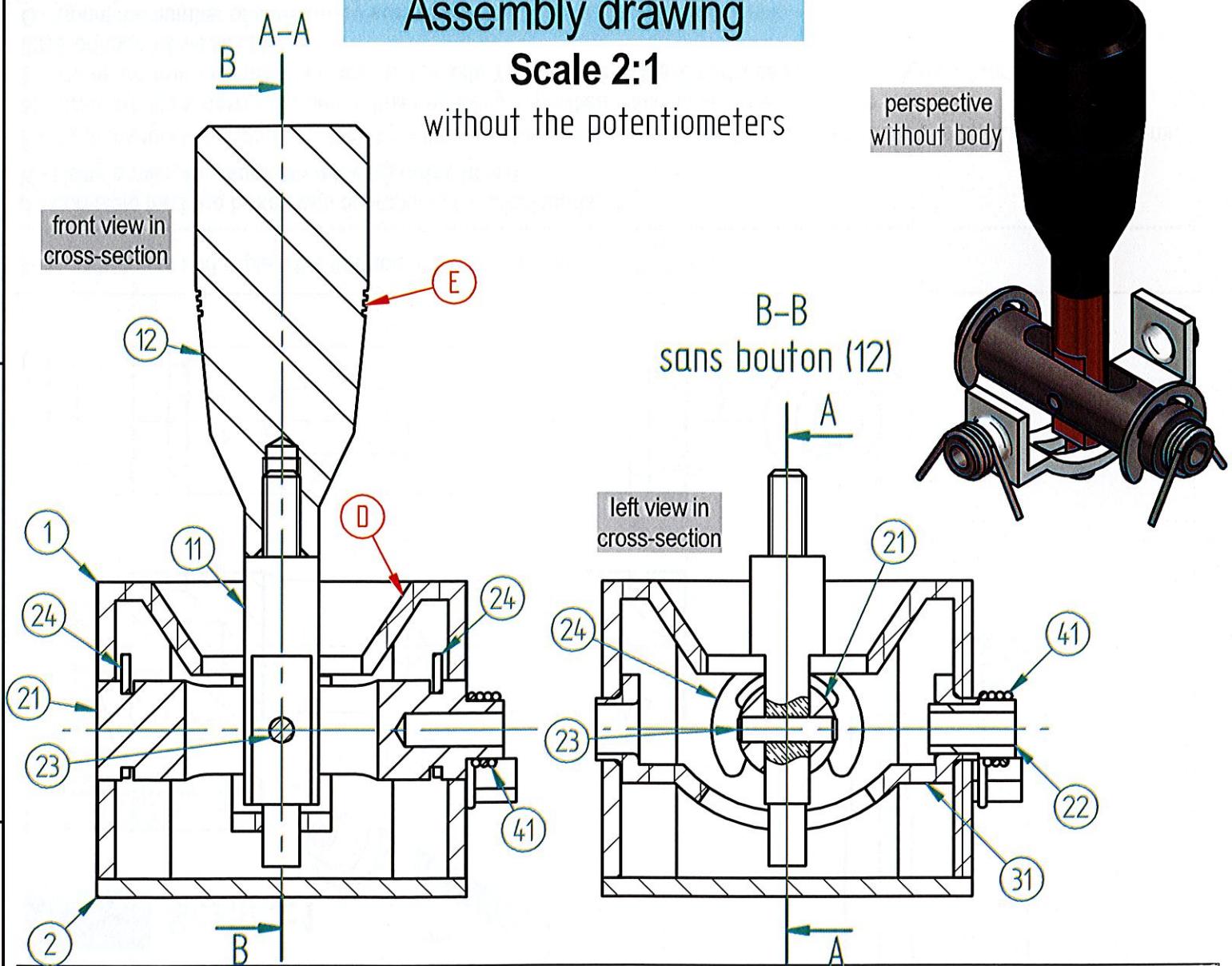


Assembly drawing

Scale 2:1

without the potentiometers



A - Who is the beneficiary (client) of the system?

What is the purpose of the system ?

B - Which parts are involved in B1) input and B2) output motion

Show these motions by arrows

Input motion - Part :

Translation Rotation Displacement :
 Continuous Alternated ~30° (combined Rx Ry)

Output motion - Parts :

Translation Rotation Displacement (in x and y dir.) :
 Continuous Alternated

Provide order in which parts transmit (mechanical) action from the input to the output :

..... : to potentiometer X

..... : to potentiometer Y

C - Complete the empty boxes in the bill of parts with appropriate material

D - Provide name and explain the function of the shape D situated in the body (01) :

E - Provide name and explain the function of the shape E situated in the handle (12) :

F - What is the function of the springs (41)?

G - What is the function of the pin (23) ?

H - What is the function of parts (24) ?

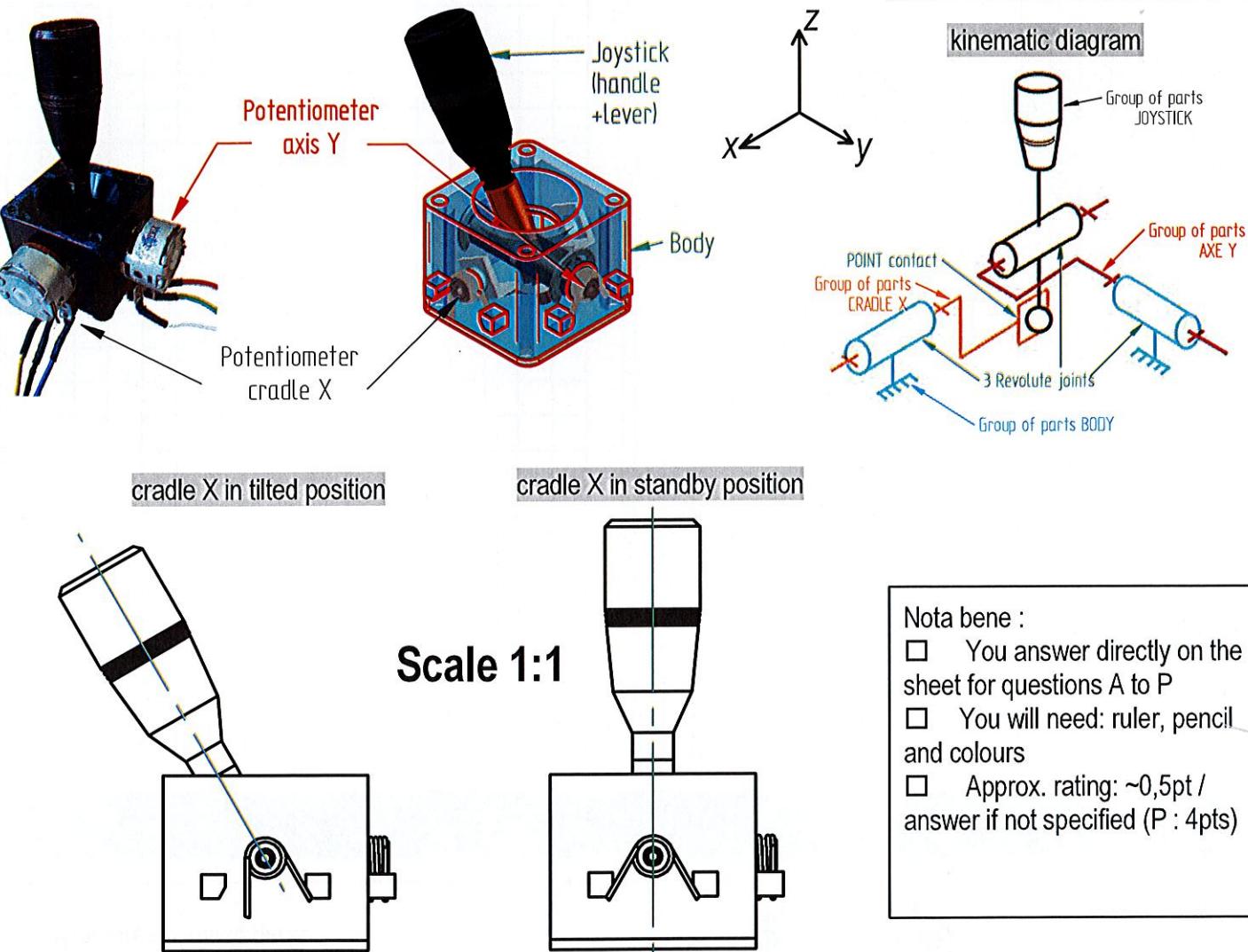
Mechanical design - Drawing exam S1 (1h)

Product: JOYSTICK

LAST NAME :

First name :

Group :



Scale 1:1

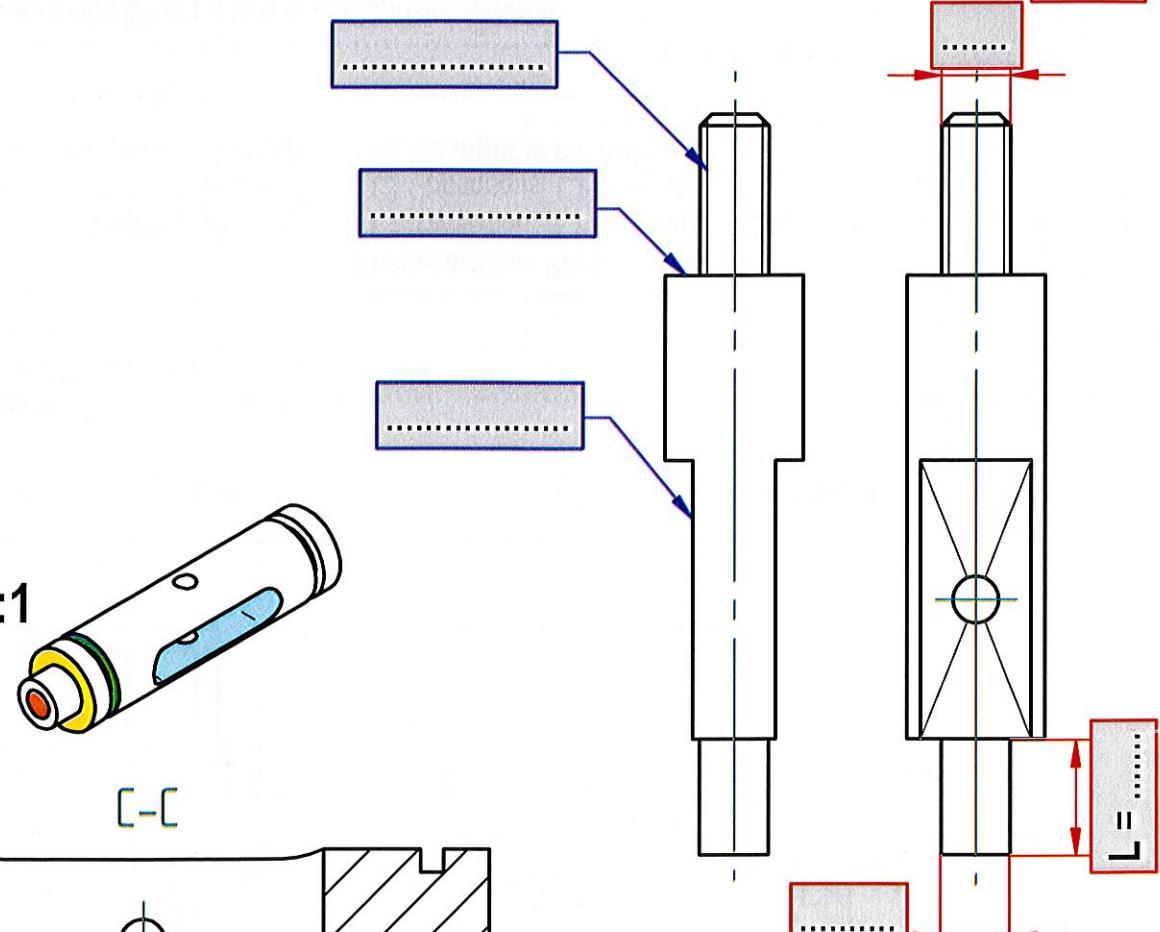
N°	Qty	Name	Material	Comments
41	2	torsion spring Ø6-0.65-3.25	Steel	Standard part
31	1	cradle X	-----	3D print
24	2	snap ring	Steel	Standard part
23	1	pin 2x8	Steel	Standard part
22	1	potentiometer axle	Steel	Usinage (tournage)
21	1	axle Y	-----	Machining (lathe+milling machine)
12	1	handle	-----	Machining (lathe)
11	1	lever	-----	Machining (lathe+milling machine)
02	1	lid	Plastic ABS	Injection moulding
01	1	body	Plastic ABS	Injection moulding
N°	Qty	Name	Material	Comments

INSA LYON PREMIER CYCLE	Projet : Titre (Nom de pièce) : Format : ABH	Joystick	Echelle : 1:133
Pièce n° :	Qté :	Matière :	Rév. :

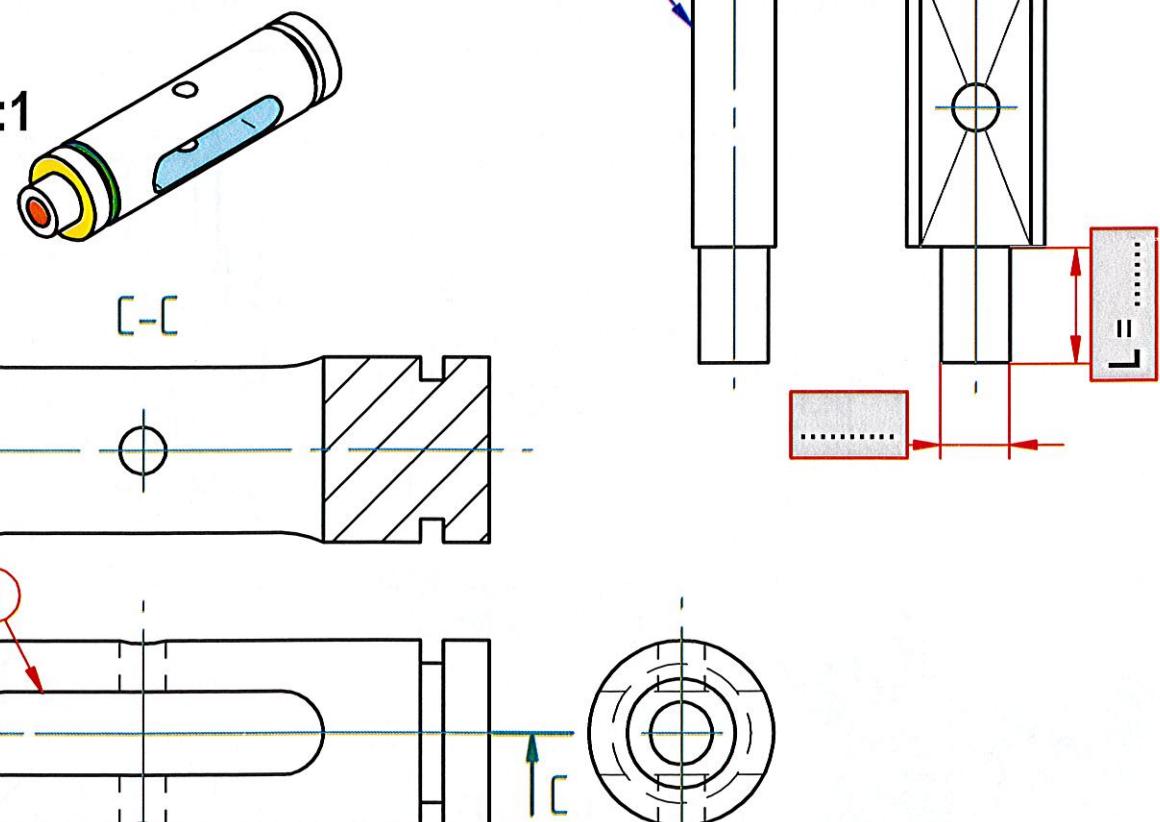
Definition drawing

O - Number of elementary surfaces	
Plane	Helical
Cylindrical	Spherical
Conical	Toroidal

Lever
Scale 3:1



Axle Y Scale 3:1



I - Provide name and explain the function of the **shape I** on the axle Y (21) :

J - Complete the blue boxes with appropriate technical terms.

K - Using a ruler, measure the missing cotes in red.

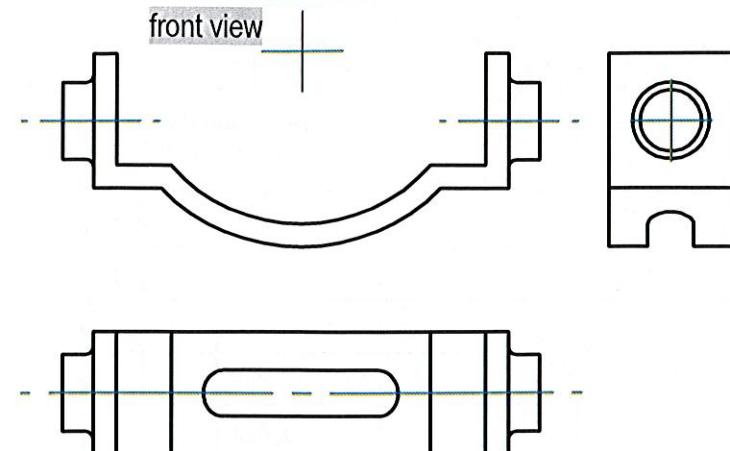
L - From the functional standpoint, deduce the maximum and minimum length L : $L_{min} = \dots \text{mm}$, $L_{max} = \dots \text{mm}$

M - Draw auxiliary correspondence lines enabling to position a flat in the three view of the lever (11)

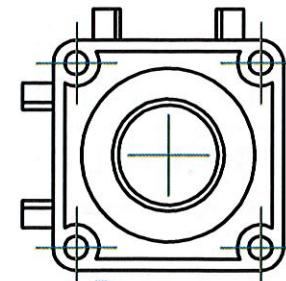
N - There are four coloured surfaces of the axle Y (21). Color-in these surfaces as visible edges and/or surfaces in the three orthogonal views of the part.

Q - Count the number of **elementary surfaces** of the lever (11) and fill-in the table.

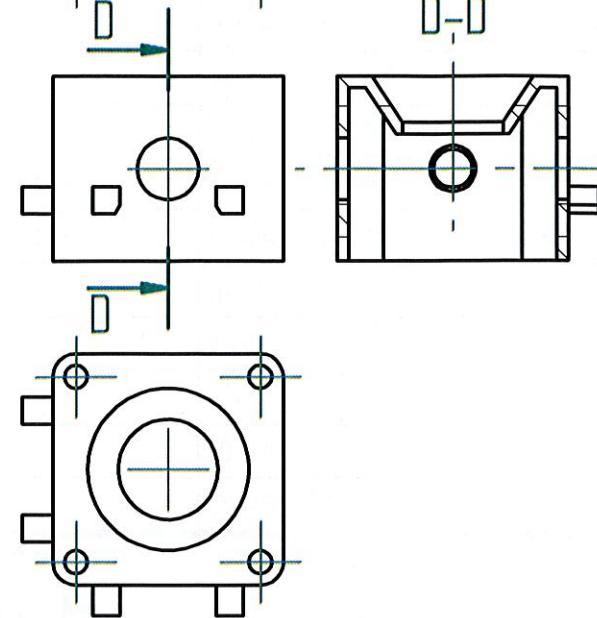
Cradle Scale 2:1



P - Using the views above draw free-handedly : / 4pts
 - the cradle X (31) in Cavalier perspective, its front face should be oriented as the front view of the orthogonal projection.
 - the body (01) in isometric perspective.
 NB : You choose your own scale in order to properly represent the geometrical features of these parts.



Body
Scale 1:1



Perspectives

